

SNOW TEAM TIPS

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Polaris Model Year 2002 500/600 VES Snowmobiles Overheating

Much has been learned about the cooling system of the 2002 models that utilize the "small block" 500/600 VES engine. Polaris would like to thank the many dealers who have assisted us this past season in identifying solutions to these cooling issues.

Due to the overwhelming concern that customers will have overheating issues on their **Model Year 2002 500/600 VES EDGE Snowmobile**, Polaris has decided to extend the warranty coverage regarding cooling on all 2002 model 500/600 VES EDGE snowmobiles with or without M-10 suspensions. The following breaks down the steps *in detail* that MUST be performed. The most important fact that we want to convey is that there is not "just one fix" for these overheating issues. These steps need to take place to overcome the overheating scenario. If all of these steps are taken and they are done thoroughly and completely, these snowmobiles should run correctly the whole winter with adequate snow conditions. Marginal snow conditions may still cause overheating issues.

The cooling warranty coverage on these units **will expire on April 30, 2003** to accommodate the 2002–2003 riding season. Dealers may perform <u>SAF-02-03</u> on **any 500/600 VES EDGE model with or without M-10 suspensions**. Again, this offer expires April 30, 2003.

Dealers may perform <u>SAF-02-04</u> (EDGE Cooler Kit, Small Block PN 2202143 Installation) on any **2002 500/600 VES model with M-10 suspensions only** under warranty. SAF-02-03 <u>MUST</u> be performed prior to installing the cooler kit outlined in SAF-02-04. You will need warranty authorization from a Polaris Technical Service Representative to perform SAF-02-04 regardless. <u>This offer also expires on April 30, 2003.</u>

--The following is for <u>2002</u> 500 / 600 EDGE models <u>with</u> or <u>without</u> M-10 Suspensions--(Also Reference Service Alert SAF-02-03)

These steps MUST be performed on every 500 / 600 EDGE with M-10 suspensions prior to installing cooling kit PN 2202143.

The integrity of the cooling system will be compromised if it doesn't hold pressure. If it does not hold the recommended pressure when warmed up the snowmobile will overheat.

Step #1. Inspect the coolant surge bottle to see if the sealing surface between the cap and bottle or the threads of the bottle is distorted or damaged. If the coolant bottle is severely distorted due to heat, replace the bottle with new coolant bottle PN 2520314. Inspect the threads on the coolant bottle thoroughly. If the pressure cap has been installed and turned too far, the sealing surface has been damaged and the surge bottle WILL NOT hold pressure (see photo at right). If the threads of the surge bottle are damaged, replace the bottle.

New Coolant Bottle: PN 2520314

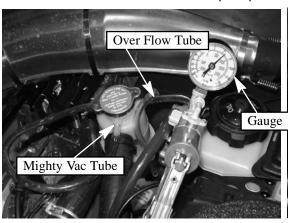


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Step #2. Verify that the coolant system will hold at least 12 psi of pressure. If the coolant surge bottle is not distorted, and the sealing surface looks fine, pressure test the coolant system. If the cap cannot hold at least 12 psi of pressure, the system will overheat very quickly. <u>The coolant may boil in an otherwise normal operating temperature range disrupting thermistor readings to the CDI box.</u> Test the cooling system as outlined below.

HOW TO PRESSURE TEST COOLANT BOTTLES (12 psi)

- 1. With the pressure cap firmly in place, remove the over flow tube (1/4" O.D.) from the neck of the coolant bottle and insert the Mighty Vac^{TM} hose in its place.
- 2. Set the Mighty Vac[™] to apply pressure with the selector lever, and pump the gauge to the specified lbs. for the pressure cap you are testing. The gauge should indicate full pressure and then slowly release the pressure after specified pressure is reached. If the bottle will not hold 12 psi replace the coolant bottle.





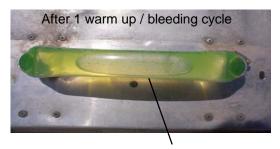
Step #3. Bleed the system correctly and completely. This is the most important step in this whole cooling system process. We cannot stress enough the importance of proper cooling system bleeding. The system should be bled of any trapped air using the following procedure:

Allow the system to cool completely. Fill the reservoir with coolant to the maximum indicated mark and install the pressure cap.

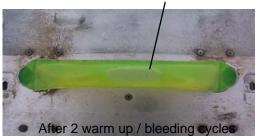
Apply parking brake and run the engine at specified idle RPM until the thermostat opens (approximately 5 to 8 minutes). **NOTE**: *It is important that the thermostat stays open! When the thermostat opens it will draw in cold coolant from the heat exchangers and the cold coolant may close the thermostat again. Make sure the thermostat opens and stays open!* Once the thermostat is open tip the snowmobile slightly on its right side. Cycle the RPM from idle to enough RPM (4000) to get coolant to flow but not enough RPM to engage the clutch. This allows air to bleed from the rear crossover tube (as shown in photos at right). Then tilt the machine slightly on its left side so that the coolant bottle is the highest point in the cooling system. Cycle the RPM from idle to enough RPM (4000) to get coolant to flow but not enough RPM to engage the clutch. It is important to get enough coolant flow to purge the air from the front close-off cooler and observe this air reaching the bottle.

Place the snowmobile in its normal position and loosen the bleed screw at the top of the water outlet manifold until trapped air has been purged. Tighten the bleed screw. Turn off the machine and release parking brake. Allow the system to cool completely. Re-check the coolant level after the cap has been removed and add coolant to fill line if necessary. Our testing has shown that after the machine has cooled down, 3 ounces or more of coolant may have to be added. This procedure should take approximately 15 minutes.

You may have to perform this operation more than one time! The photos at right depict air in the rear crossover tube underneath the seat. The top photo shows air remaining after one warm-up cycle. The bottom photo shows almost no air remaining after the second warm-up cycle. (Note: The clear tube shown in the photos has been installed for photography purposes only.)



Residual Air After Bleeding System



IMPORTANT!: ALL LIQUID COOLED SNOWMOBILES MUST BE BLED DURING DEALER SET-UP! Step #4. Check the TPS specification and make sure it is between 3.9 and 4.0 volts at wide open throttle. Use TPS tool PN 2201519 (Order from SPX Tool Company). Follow the procedure for testing the TPS in the appropriate Polaris Service Manual. The TPS tool MUST be used to set the TPS correctly and accurately.

Step #5. Make sure track tension is set to specification. Track tension specifications are: 3/8-1/2", 16" ahead of rear idler shaft with 10 lb. weight for EDGE suspensions. 3/4-1", 16" ahead of rear idler shaft free hanging for M-10 suspensions.

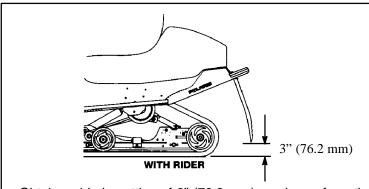
NOTE: Testing has shown that 1" track tension is desirable on M-10 models for reduced initial hyfax wear.

Step #6. Install new longer snow flap PN 5433521-1106. This longer snow flap keeps snow in the tunnel longer enhancing cooling and helps to obtain and maintain the clearance required for adequate snow retention inside the tunnel.

IMPORTANT: The possibility exists that the new snow flap (PN 5433521-1106) may become damaged when operating unit in reverse or when backing unit off of a trailer. Use caution to ensure snow flap does not curl under the tunnel when backing the snowmobile. For units with reverse you can use snow flap support PN 5812229 with 5 longer rivets PN 7621418.



Step #7. After the new snow flap has been installed, adjust the suspension ride-in for the customer. This procedure is outlined on the decal located on the underside of the hood, any 2002 Snowmobile Owners Manual or Performance Service Manual PN 9917367. Our testing has shown that the clearance between the ground and the bottom edge of the snow flap should be maximum of 3 inches (76.2 mm) with the rider on the sled and in full gear. Have the customer sit on the sled and adjust the suspension until there are 3 inches (76.2 mm) or less of clearance between the ground and the bottom of the snow flap. If you are unable to reach a maximum of 3 inches (76.2 mm) of clearance, install lighter weight springs. NOTE: If the rider is a light person and the suspension is set too stiff there could be an overheat issue because the suspension will not collapse enough for snow to reach the rear strip coolers. If this occurs, replace the original rear suspension torsion springs (coil over spring for M-10 models) with optional lighter springs.



Obtain a ride-in setting of 3" (76.2 mm) maximum from the bottom edge of the snow flap to the ground with the rider on the sled in full gear.

Optional Lighter Rear Torsion Springs, EDGE 7041629-067 L.H. .359/77

7041630-067 R.H .359/77

Optional Lighter Rear Coil Over Spring, M-10

7042010-216 135/240 variable

Step #8. Liquid cooled snowmobiles require adequate amounts of snow for cooling. Hard snow, windswept snow, icy snow, hard packed trails, or marginal overall snow may be <u>inadequate</u> for proper cooling. With the advent of long-travel suspensions, it is more difficult for adequate amounts of snow to reach the cooling extrusions to remove the heat generated by these engines and components. We have found that most customer complaints were directly related to customers driving below 30 MPH on tight trails with minimal and/or hard packed snow or ice. Inspect the hi-fax for excessive wear, which may be an indication of snow and cooling conditions. If the hi-fax are worn, it may be due to <u>inadequate</u> snow conditions. <u>Adequate cooling snow is a MUST for proper cooling!</u>

Step #9. Keep idle periods to a minimum. We strongly recommend that your customers DO NOT leave their snowmobiles idle while they are not riding it. Without any snow reaching the cooling exchangers, there is nothing to reduce operating temperatures. People have reported that the snowmobile has overheated after the customer has stopped on the trail to read a map, etc. and left his snowmobile idle. This idle period may be long enough for the sled to go into its overheat "fail-safe" mode. Rule of thumb: If you stop, turn the machine off! Also, remind your customers that if they do let the snowmobile idle too long, and it starts to go into "fail safe" mode, to aggressively press the throttle so that more coolant starts to flow immediately. Too many times people panic when their snowmobile starts to stutter because they are afraid something is wrong. Generating immediate engine RPM will allow coolant to flow allowing the snowmobile to come out of its fail safe condition.

Step #10. If the TEMP light comes on but the engine is not overheating, inspect the thermistor. The thermistor should read 192+/- 30 ohms at 212° F (100° C) in a water bath. Once you verify that step #1 and step #2 are not causing any issues, inspecting the thermistor should be the third step. The temperature thermistor is easy to get to, and removing it and testing it is easy if you have the right equipment. Another option is to have a known good thermistor on hand and replace the one in question with the known good one. Take the machine for a test ride trying to duplicate the riding situation that the customer has been telling you about. If the engine still shows signs of overheating, continue to the next step. If the snowmobile shows no signs of overheating, replace the temperature thermistor.

<u>Warranty Information:</u> After performing all of the above steps, reference <u>SAF-02-03</u> for warranty claim information. SAF-02-03 is located and can be printed from the Service Bulletin section of the Dealer Website.

Warranty Claim Preparation: File individual claims for each authorization number received.

Step #11. For 500 / 600 VES models with M-10 suspensions only.

---The following is for 2002 500 / 600 EDGE with M-10 Suspension models only--(Also Reference Service Alert SAF-02-04)

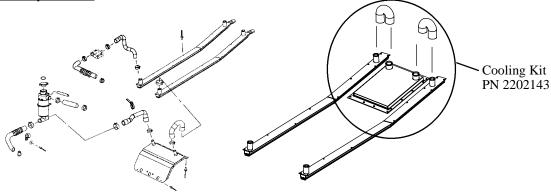
The possibility exists that after performing the steps listed previously, some units with M-10 suspensions may still exhibit overheating issues in certain riding conditions. If you find that the overheating issue still persists, install kit PN 2202143 per SAF-02-04. You may only install this kit after SAF-02-03 has been performed and a warranty claim has been submitted. You will need authorization from Polaris to install this kit to verify that SAF-02-03 has been performed on the unit. Please perform all items thoroughly and completely. Read and understand the kit instructions completely before attempting the procedure.

Parts Required

Qty.Part DescriptionPart No.1Cooler Kit, EDGE2202143

<u>Warranty Information:</u> After installing Cooler Kit PN 2202143, reference <u>SAF-02-04</u> for warranty claim information. Authorization <u>will be required</u> from the Polaris Technical Service Department. SAF-02-04 is located and can be printed from the Service Bulletin section of the Dealer Website.

Warranty Claim Preparation: File individual claims for each authorization number received.



SUMMARY

MODELS AFFECTED:

2002 500 XC SP EDGE 2002 500 XC SP with M-10 2002 600 XC SP EDGE 2002 600 XC SP with M-10 2002 600 Classic

WHAT IS TO BE PERFORMED ON NON-M-10 Models: Perform the 10 step procedure (in order) outlined in this Team Tip for all models listed above that exhibit overheating problems. File a warranty claim under the guidelines of Service Alert Number SAF-02-03.

WHAT IS TO BE PERFORMED ON MODELS WITH M-10 SUSPENSIONS: Perform the 10 step procedure (in order) outlined in this Team Tip for all models listed above that exhibit overheating problems. File a warranty claim under the guidelines of Service Alert Number SAF-02-03. If the snowmobile still overheats after performing SAF-02-03, obtain warranty authorization and install cooler kit PN 2202143. File a claim under the guidelines of Service Alert Number SAF-02-04.

WILL I NEED WARRANTY AUTHORIZATION? You will NOT need warranty authorization to perform the 10 step procedure (SAF-02-03). You WILL need warranty authorization to perform SAF-02-04 on models with M-10 suspensions AFTER you have performed SAF-02-03 on that snowmobile and overheating problems still exist.

WHERE DO I FIND SAF-02-02 AND SAF-02-04? Both of these Service Alerts are located on the Dealer Website, www.polarisdealers.com under "Service & Warranty", "Service Bulletins".

DO THESE SERVICE ALERTS EXPIRE? Yes, both Service Alerts expire April 30, 2003.

SUMMARY OF PROCEDURE STEPS:

- Step #1. Inspect the coolant surge bottle to see if the sealing surface between the cap and bottle or the threads of the bottle is distorted or damaged.
- Step #2. Verify that the coolant system will hold at least 12 psi of pressure.
- Step #3. Bleed the system correctly and completely.
- Step #4. Check the TPS specification and make sure it is between 3.9 and 4.0 volts at wide open throttle.
- Step #5. Make sure track tension is set to specification.
- Step #6. Install a new longer snow flap PN 5433521-1106 and 5 rivets PN 7621472.
- Step #7. Adjust the suspension ride-in for the customer.
- Step #8. Liquid cooled snowmobiles require adequate amounts of snow for cooling.
- Step #9. Keep idle periods to a minimum.
- Step #10. If the TEMP light comes on but the engine is not overheating, inspect the thermistor.
- Step #11. For 500 / 600 VES models with M-10 suspensions only. Install Cooler Kit PN 2202143.

Year 2000 Model	Inspect/Re- place Cool- ant Surge Tank	Verify cooling system holds 12 psi pressure	Bleed Cooling System	Verify TPS spec.	Adjust Track Tension	Adjust Ride-in	Install longer snow flap	Inspect thermistor	Install Cooler Kit
500 XC SP Edge	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes, if necessary	Yes	No
500 XC SP w/M-10	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes, if necessary	Yes	Yes*
600 XC SP Edge	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes, if necessary	Yes	No
600 XC SP w/M-10	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes, if necessary	Yes	Yes*
600 Classic	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes, if necessary	Yes	Yes*

*Install cooler kit only if necessary. Prior authorization required.